

•技术交流•

LiNi_{0.77}Al_{0.03}Co_{0.2}O₂ 正极材料研究

顾 健, 顾大明, 史鹏飞

(哈尔滨工业大学理学院, 黑龙江 哈尔滨 150001)

摘要: 采用液相共沉淀法, 得到 LiNi_{0.77}Al_{0.03}Co_{0.2}O₂ 正极材料, 对材料进行结构和电化学性能测试。研究发现: 该材料的电化学性能比 LiNiO₂ 有很大的提高, 其首次充放电比容量分别为 175 mAh/g 和 168 mAh/g, 首次充放电效率为 96.4%, 30 次循环后放电容量保持在 167 mAh/g, 循环效率达到 98.5% 以上。

关键词: 共沉淀; 正极材料; 比容量; 循环性能

中图分类号: TM912.9 文献标识码: A 文章编号: 1001-1579(2004)03-0171-02

The study of LiNi_{0.77}Al_{0.03}Co_{0.2}O₂ cathode material

GU Jian, GU Da-ming, SHI Peng-fei

(School of Science, Harbin Institute of Technology, Harbin, Heilongjiang 150001, China)

Abstract: Cathode material LiNi_{0.77}Al_{0.03}Co_{0.2}O₂ was synthesized by a coprecipitation method and its structure and electrochemical properties was tested. The results showed that the properties of the material were considerably enhanced. Its initial charge-discharge specific capacity was 175 mAh/g and 168 mAh/g respectively with the cycle efficiency of 96.4%. Its discharge specific capacity could still retain 167 mAh/g after 30 cycles and coulombic efficiency was over 98.5%.

Key words: coprecipitation; cathode material; specific capacity; cycle performance

电池杂志

BATTERY BIMONTHLY